
**Animal and vegetable fats and oils —
Determination of cadmium content
by direct graphite furnace atomic
absorption spectrometry**

*Corps gras d'origines animale et végétale — Détermination de la
teneur en cadmium par spectrométrie d'absorption atomique à four
graphite*





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Foreword

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This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 34, *Food products*, Subcommittee SC 11, *Animal and vegetable fats and oils*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 15774:2000), which has been technically revised to exclude its applicability for fat coming from milk and milk products.

Animal and vegetable fats and oils — Determination of cadmium content by direct graphite furnace atomic absorption spectrometry

1 Scope

This document describes a method for the determination of trace amounts (micrograms per kilogram) of cadmium in all types of crude or refined edible oils and fats.

Milk and milk products (or fat coming from milk and milk products) are excluded from the scope of this document.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3696, *Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods*

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

4 Principle

The oil or fat is incinerated and atomized in a suitable graphite tube furnace with a platform connected to an atomic absorption spectrometer, previously calibrated using standard solutions of an organo-compound of cadmium. The metal content is determined from the observed absorption at a wavelength of 228,8 nm. Palladium is added as a matrix modifier in order to prevent loss of cadmium during the thermal pretreatment.

5 Reagents

Use only reagents of recognized analytical grade, unless otherwise specified.

5.1 Water, of grade 1 according to ISO 3696.

5.2 Cyclohexane.

5.3 Hydrochloric acid.

5.4 Palladium chloride.