

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

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Hydraulic turbines, storage pumps and pump-turbines – Rehabilitation and performance improvement

**Turbines hydrauliques, pompes d'accumulation et pompes-turbines –
Réhabilitation et amélioration des performances**



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**Turbines hydrauliques, pompes d'accumulation et pompes-turbines –
Réhabilitation et amélioration des performances**

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INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

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REHABILITATION AND PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT**

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International Standard IEC 62256 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 4: Hydraulic turbines.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition published in 2008. This edition constitutes a technical revision.

This edition includes the following significant technical changes with respect to the previous edition:

- Tables 2 to 23 modified, completed and moved to Annex A;
- 7.3.2:
 - subclauses moved with text changes;
 - new subclauses on temperature, noise, galvanic corrosion, galling and replacement of components without assessment;
- 7.3.3: complete new subclause on residual life;
- Tables 29 to 32 moved to Annex C;
- new Annex B with assessment examples.

This bilingual version (2017-12) corresponds to the monolingual English version, published in 2017-05.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting
4/323/FDIS	4/326/RVD

Full information on the voting for the approval of this International Standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

The French version of this standard has not been voted upon.

This document has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

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INTRODUCTION

Hydro plant owners make significant investments annually in rehabilitating plant equipment (turbines, generators, transformers, penstocks, gates etc.) and structures in order to improve the level of service to their customers and to optimize their revenue. In the absence of guidelines, owners may be spending needlessly, or may be taking unnecessary risks and thereby achieving results that are less than optimal. This document is intended to be a tool in the optimisation and decision process.

Edition 1 of this International Standard was based on the IEA document *Guidelines on Methodology for Hydroelectric Francis Turbine Upgrading by Runner Replacement*.

HYDRAULIC TURBINES, STORAGE PUMPS AND PUMP-TURBINES – REHABILITATION AND PERFORMANCE IMPROVEMENT

1 Scope

This document covers turbines, storage pumps and pump-turbines of all sizes and of the following types:

- Francis;
- Kaplan;
- propeller;
- Pelton (turbines only);
- bulb turbines.

This document also identifies without detailed discussion, other powerhouse equipment that could affect or be affected by a turbine, storage pump, or pump-turbine rehabilitation.

The object of this document is to assist in identifying, evaluating and executing rehabilitation and performance improvement projects for hydraulic turbines, storage pumps and pump-turbines. This document can be used by owners, consultants, and suppliers to define:

- needs and economics for rehabilitation and performance improvement;
- scope of work;
- specifications;
- evaluation of results.

This document is intended to be:

- an aid in the decision process;
- an extensive source of information on rehabilitation;
- an identification of the key milestones in the rehabilitation process;
- an identification of the points to be addressed in the decision processes.

This document is not intended to be a detailed engineering manual nor a maintenance document.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms, definitions and nomenclature

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

Wherever turbines or turbine components are referred to in the text of this document, they shall be interpreted also to mean the comparable units or components of storage pumps or pump-turbines as the case requires.

For the purpose of this document, the term “rehabilitation” is defined as some combination of:

- restoration of equipment capacity and/or equipment efficiency to near “as-new” levels;