
**Identification cards — Contactless
integrated circuit cards — Proximity
cards —**

**Part 2:
Radio frequency power and signal
interface**

*Cartes d'identification — Cartes à circuit(s) intégré(s) sans contact —
Cartes de proximité —*

Partie 2: Interface radiofréquence et des signaux de communication



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Contents

Page

Foreword	iv
Introduction	v
1 Scope	1
2 Normative references	1
3 Terms and definitions	1
4 Symbols and abbreviated terms	2
5 General considerations	4
5.1 Initial dialogue.....	4
5.2 Compliance.....	4
5.2.1 PICC compliance.....	4
5.2.2 PCD compliance.....	4
6 Power transfer	5
6.1 Frequency.....	5
6.2 Operating field strength.....	5
7 Signal interface	7
8 Communication signal interface Type A	8
8.1 Communication PCD to PICC.....	8
8.1.1 Bit rate.....	8
8.1.2 Modulation.....	9
8.1.3 Bit representation and coding.....	16
8.2 Communication PICC to PCD.....	17
8.2.1 Bit rate.....	17
8.2.2 Load modulation.....	17
8.2.3 Subcarrier.....	21
8.2.4 Subcarrier modulation.....	21
8.2.5 Bit representation and coding.....	22
9 Communication signal interface Type B	22
9.1 Communication PCD to PICC.....	22
9.1.1 Bit rate.....	22
9.1.2 Modulation.....	23
9.1.3 Bit representation and coding.....	31
9.2 Communication PICC to PCD.....	31
9.2.1 Bit rate.....	31
9.2.2 Load modulation.....	31
9.2.3 Subcarrier.....	31
9.2.4 Subcarrier modulation.....	31
9.2.5 Bit representation and coding.....	31
10 Electromagnetic disturbance levels	32
10.1 PCD limits.....	32
10.2 PICC limits.....	32
Annex A (normative) Bit rates of $3fc/4$, fc, $3fc/2$ and $2fc$ from PCD to PICC	34
Annex B (informative) Complex envelope and constellation diagram	42
Annex C (informative) Inter Symbol Interference	43

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) and IEC (the International Electrotechnical Commission) form the specialized system for worldwide standardization. National bodies that are members of ISO or IEC participate in the development of International Standards through technical committees established by the respective organization to deal with particular fields of technical activity. ISO and IEC technical committees collaborate in fields of mutual interest. Other international organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO and IEC, also take part in the work. In the field of information technology, ISO and IEC have established a joint technical committee, ISO/IEC JTC 1.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of document should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 17, *Cards and personal identification*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO/IEC 14443-2:2010), which has been technically revised.

It also incorporates the Amendments ISO/IEC 14443-2:2010/Amd 1:2011, ISO/IEC 14443-2:2010/Amd 2:2012 and ISO/IEC 14443-2:2010/Amd 3:2012.

ISO/IEC 14443 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Identification cards — Contactless integrated circuit cards — Proximity cards*:

- *Part 1: Physical characteristics*
- *Part 2: Radio frequency power and signal interface*
- *Part 3: Initialization and anticollision*
- *Part 4: Transmission protocol*

Introduction

ISO/IEC 14443 is one of a series of International Standards describing the parameters for identification cards as defined in ISO/IEC 7810 and the use of such cards for international interchange.

This part of ISO/IEC 14443 describes the electrical characteristics of two types of contactless interface between a proximity card and a proximity coupling device. The interface includes both power and bi-directional communication. It is intended to be used in conjunction with other parts of ISO/IEC 14443.

Contactless card standards cover a variety of types as embodied in ISO/IEC 10536 (close-coupled cards), ISO/IEC 14443 (proximity cards) and ISO/IEC 15693 (vicinity cards). These are intended for operation when very near, nearby and at a longer distance from associated coupling devices, respectively.

Identification cards — Contactless integrated circuit cards — Proximity cards —

Part 2: Radio frequency power and signal interface

1 Scope

This part of ISO/IEC 14443 specifies the characteristics of the fields to be provided for power and bi-directional communication between proximity coupling devices (PCDs) and proximity cards or objects (PICCs).

This part of ISO/IEC 14443 does not specify the means of generating coupling fields, nor the means of compliance with electromagnetic radiation and human exposure regulations, which can vary according to country.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO/IEC 10373-6, *Identification cards — Test methods — Part 6: Proximity cards*

ISO/IEC 14443-1:2016, *Identification cards — Contactless integrated circuit cards — Proximity cards — Part 1: Physical characteristics*

ISO/IEC 14443-3:2016, *Identification cards — Contactless integrated circuit cards — Proximity cards — Part 3: Initialization and anticollision*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

3.1

bit duration

time during which a logic level is defined, at the end of which a new bit starts

3.2

binary phase shift keying

phase shift keying where the phase shift is 180 degrees, resulting in two phase state possibilities

3.3

modified Miller

method of bit coding whereby a logic level during a bit duration is represented by the position of a pulse within the bit frame

3.4

modulation index

m

$[1 - b] / [1 + b]$, where b is the ratio between the modulated amplitude and the initial signal amplitude

Note 1 to entry: The value of the index may be expressed as a percentage.