

BSI Standards Publication

Small-bore connectors for liquids and gases in healthcare applications

Part 7: Connectors for intravascular or hypodermic applications



National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 80369-7:2017. It is identical to ISO 80369-7:2016. It supersedes BS EN 20549-1:1994 and BS EN 1707:1997 which are withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee CH/210/5, Small Bore Connectors for Medical Devices.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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English Version

Small-bore connectors for liquids and gases in healthcare applications — Part 7: Connectors for intravascular or hypodermic applications (ISO 80369-7:2016)

Raccords de petite taille pour liquides et gaz utilisés dans le domaine de la santé — Partie 7: Raccords à 6 % (Luer) destinés aux applications intravasculaires ou hypodermiques (ISO 80369-7:2016)

Verbindungsstücke mit kleinem Durchmesser für Flüssigkeiten und Gase in medizinischen Anwendungen — Teil 7: Verbindungsstücke mit einem 6% (Luer) Kegel für intravaskuläre oder hypodermische Anwendungen (ISO 80369-7:2016)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 21 May 2017.

CEN and CENELEC members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN and CENELEC member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN and CENELEC member into its own language and notified to the CENCENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

The text of ISO 80369-7:2016 has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 210 "Quality management and corresponding general aspects for medical devices" of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and has been taken over as EN ISO 80369-7:2017 by Technical Committee CEN/CLC/TC 3 "Quality management and corresponding general aspects for medical devices" the secretariat of which is held by NEN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by November 2017, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 1707:1996, EN 20594-1:1993.

This document has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association, and supports essential requirements of EU Directive(s).

For relationship with EU Directive(s), see informative Annex ZA, which is an integral part of this document.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. However, for any use of this standard "within the meaning of Annex ZA", the user should always check that any referenced document has not been superseded and that its relevant contents can still be considered the generally acknowledged state-of-art.

When the ISO or IEC standard is referred to in the ISO text standard, this must be understood as a normative reference to the parallel EN standard or dated ISO standard, as outlined below, including the foreword and the Annexes ZZ.

NOTE The way in which these references documents are cited in normative requirements determines the extent (in whole or in part) to which they apply.

Table — Correlations between normative references and dated EN and ISO/IEC standards

Normative references as listed in	Equivalent dated standard	
Clause 2	EN	ISO/IEC
ISO 14971:2007	EN ISO 14971:2012	ISO 14971:2007
ISO 5356-1:2004	EN 5356-1:2004	ISO 5356-1:2004
ISO 5356-1:2015	EN 5356-1:2015	ISO 5356-1:2015
ISO 5356-2:2006	EN 5356-2:2007	ISO 5356-2:2006
ISO 5356-2:2006	EN 5356-2:2007	ISO 5356-2:2006
ISO 5356-2:2012	EN 5356-2:2012	ISO 5356-2:2012
ISO 8185:2007	EN 8185:2009	ISO 8185:2007
EN 13544-2:2002	EN 13544-2:2002	_
EN 13544-2:2002+A1:2009	EN 13544-2:2002+A1:2009	_
ISO 80369-1:2010	EN ISO 80369-1:2010	ISO 80369-1:2010
ISO 80369-3:2015	EN ISO 80369-3:2016	ISO 80369-3:2015
ISO 80369-6:2015	EN ISO 80369-6:2016	ISO 80369-6:2015
ISO 80369-20:2015	EN 80369-20:2015	ISO 80369-20:2015
ASTM D638-10	_	_
ASTM D790-10	_	_

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 80369-7:2016 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 80369-7:2017 without any modification.

Annex ZA

(informative)

Relationship between this European standard and the essential requirements of Directive 93/42/EEC [OJ L 169] aimed to be covered

This European standard has been prepared under a Commission's standardisation request M/023¹⁾ to provide one voluntary means of conforming to essential requirements of Council Directive 93/42/EEC of 14 June 1993 concerning medical devices [OJ L 169].

Once this standard is cited in the Official Journal of the European Union under that Directive, compliance with the normative clauses of this standard given in <u>Table ZA.1</u> confers, within the limits of the scope of this standard, a presumption of conformity with the corresponding essential requirements of that Directive, and associated EFTA regulations.

NOTE 1 Where a reference from a clause of this standard to the risk management process is made, the risk management process needs to be in compliance with Directive 93/42/EEC as amended by 2007/47/EC. This means that risks have to be reduced 'as far as possible', 'to a minimum', 'to the lowest possible level', 'minimized' or 'removed', according to the wording of the corresponding essential requirement.

NOTE 2 The manufacturer's policy for determining acceptable risk must be in compliance with Essential Requirements 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11 and 12 of the Directive.

NOTE 3 This <u>Annex ZA</u> is based on normative references according to the table of references in the European foreword, replacing the references in the core text.

NOTE 4 When an Essential Requirement does not appear in <u>Table ZA.1</u>, it means that it is not addressed by this European Standard.

Table ZA.1 — Correspondence between this European standard and Annex I of Directive 93/42/ EEC [0] L 169]

Essential Requirements of Directive 93/42/EEC	Clause(s) / sub-clause(s) of this EN	Remarks / Notes
7.5	6.1, 6.2	Only the first sentence of ER 7.5 is met as it relates to the leakage of a connection.
9.1	5, 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6	ER 9.1 is met with respect to the connector dimensions, resistance to stress cracking, disconnection, unscrewing and overriding of threads or lugs only.
12.7.4	6.3	ER 12.7.4 is met with respect to stress cracking only.
12.8.1	4.1, 5, 6.2, 6.4, 6.5, 6.6	ER 12.8.1 is partially covered in that by ensuring that the connector does not leak and can only be connected to intended medical devices or accessories it permits a medical device to be capable of controlling the flowrate.

¹⁾ Replace with 'M/023 concerning the development of European standards related to medical devices' or with 'M/295 concerning the development of European standards related to medical devices', or with the reference number and title of any other standardization request as relevant.

WARNING 1: Presumption of conformity stays valid only as long as a reference to this European standard is maintained in the list published in the Official Journal of the European Union. Users of this standard should consult frequently the latest list published in the Official Journal of the European Union.

WARNING 2: Other Union legislation may be applicable to the product(s) falling within the scope of this standard.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT), see the following URL: Foreword — Supplementary information.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 210, *Quality management and corresponding general aspects for medical devices*, and IEC/SC62D, *Electromedical equipment*. The draft was circulated for voting to the national bodies of both ISO and IEC.

This first edition of ISO 80369-7 cancels and replaces ISO 594-1:1986 and ISO 594-2:1998, clauses, subclauses, tables, figures, and annexes of which have been consolidated and technically revised.

This part of ISO 80369 contains the following major technical revisions to ISO 594-1 and ISO 594-2.

- a) New terms and definitions have been added to this part of ISO 80369 to more clearly define the various types of LUER CONNECTORS included in the scope of this part of ISO 80369. This part of ISO 80369 more broadly describes the requirements for the connectors used for intravascular or hypodermic APPLICATIONS, unlike ISO 594-1 and ISO 594-2 that are replaced by this part of ISO 80369, which only described the requirements for the fittings (intended connection surfaces) of these connectors. This distinction is important to define here because the previous International Standards do not contain the terms connector or connection and ISO 80369- series does not use the term fitting.
- b) Requirements for certain dimensions not previously identified in ISO 594-1 and ISO 594-2 are added to this part of ISO 80369 to reduce the RISK of misconnections between MEDICAL DEVICES or ACCESSORIES for different APPLICATIONS with the SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS that are being developed under other parts of the ISO 80369- series. These new dimensions were selected to represent the current design and dimensions of LUER CONNECTORS in clinical use at the time this part of ISO 80369 was developed. The term "6 % (Luer) taper" used throughout the previous standards has also been clarified to the more commonly used equivalent specified diameters separated by a specified distance on a common axis.
- c) Requirements for gauging of LUER CONNECTORS made from SEMI-RIGID MATERIALS using plug and ring test gauges have been replaced by dimensional requirements, which are more precise and essential for reducing the RISK of misconnection with the other CONNECTORS identified in ISO 80369-1.

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d) Separate requirements for LUER CONNECTORS made from SEMI-RIGID MATERIALS and RIGID MATERIALS have been eliminated and combined as one common set of dimensions and requirements. This consolidation of requirements was made to further reduce the RISK of misconnection with other SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS.

ISO 80369 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Small-bore connectors for liquids and gases in healthcare applications*:

- Part 1: General requirements
- Part 3: Connectors for enteral applications
- Part 5: Connectors for limb cuff inflation applications
- Part 6: Connectors for neuraxial applications
- Part 7: Connectors with 6 % (Luer) taper for intravascular or hypodermic applications
- Part 20: Common test methods

Additional parts on connectors for urethral and urinary applications and for respiratory applications are planned.

This corrected version of ISO 80369-7:2016 incorporates the following corrections:

- in the Scope, NOTE 1 has been removed and the other notes renumbered accordingly;
- in the second paragraph of 6.6, the reference to the annex has been changed;
- the lower-case greek letter " β " has been changed into a capital greek letter "B" in the notes of Tables B.5 and B.6;
- the representation of the angle *B* has been updated in Figure B.7;
- values and angles have been corrected in <u>Figures C.1</u>, <u>C.2</u>, <u>C.3</u>, <u>C.4</u> and <u>C.6</u>.

Introduction

This part of ISO 80369 was developed because of several incidents, with catastrophic consequences, resulting from inappropriate medication, liquid nutritional formula or air being administered intravenously. Many incidents have been reported leading to international recognition of the importance of these issues and a need has been identified to develop specific CONNECTORS for MEDICAL DEVICES and their ACCESSORIES used to deliver fluids in other APPLICATIONS.

The ISO 80369- series was developed to prevent misconnection between SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS used in different APPLICATIONS. ISO 80369-1 specifies the requirements necessary to verify the designs and dimensions of SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS to ensure that

- a) they do not misconnect with other SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS, and
- b) they safely and securely connect with their mating half.

ISO 80369-20 contains the common TEST METHODS to support the performance requirements for SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS.

This part of ISO 80369 specifies the design and the dimensions and the drawings of SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS intended to be used as conical fittings with a 6 % (Luer) taper for CONNECTIONS in intravascular or hypodermic APPLICATIONS. Annex D to Annex G describe the methods by which this design has been assessed. Other parts of ISO 80369 include requirements for SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS used in different APPLICATION categories.

CONNECTORS manufactured to the dimensions set out within this part of ISO 80369 are dimensionally incompatible with any of the other connectors for applications identified in the ISO 80369- series of standards for SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS, except as indicated in Annex G. If fitted to the relevant Medical Devices and accessories, these connectors should reduce the RISK of air, non-vascular medication and liquid nutritional formula being delivered through an alternative route, such as intravenously or through an airway device.

In this part of ISO 80369, the following print types are used:

- requirements and definitions: Roman type;
- informative material appearing outside of tables, such as notes, examples and references: in smaller type. Normative text of tables is also in a smaller type;
- terms defined in <u>Clause 3</u> or as noted: SMALL CAPITALS.

In this part of ISO 80369, the conjunctive "or" is used as an "inclusive or" so a statement is true if any combination of the conditions is true.

The verbal forms used in this part of ISO 80369 conform to usage described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, Annex H. For the purposes of this part of ISO 80369, the auxiliary verb:

- "shall" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is mandatory for compliance with this part of ISO 80369;
- "should" means that compliance with a requirement or a test is recommended but is not mandatory for compliance with this part of ISO 80369;
- "may" is used to describe a permissible way to achieve compliance with a requirement or test.

An asterisk (*) as the first character of a title or at the beginning of a paragraph or table title indicates that there is guidance or rationale related to that item in $\underbrace{Annex\ A}$.

Small-bore connectors for liquids and gases in healthcare applications —

Part 7:

Connectors for intravascular or hypodermic applications

1 * Scope

This part of ISO 80369 specifies dimensions and requirements for the design and functional performance of SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS intended to be used for CONNECTIONS in intravascular APPLICATIONS or hypodermic CONNECTIONS in hypodermic APPLICATIONS of MEDICAL DEVICES and ACCESSORIES.

EXAMPLES Hypodermic syringes and needles or intravascular (IV) cannulae with male and female LUER SLIP CONNECTORS and LUER LOCK CONNECTORS.

NOTE 1 The LUER CONNECTOR was originally designed for use at pressures up to 300 kPa.

This part of ISO 80369 does not specify requirements for the MEDICAL DEVICES or ACCESSORIES that use these connectors. Such requirements are given in particular International Standards for specific MEDICAL DEVICES or ACCESSORIES.

This part of ISO 80369 does not specify requirements for the following SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS, which are specified in other International Standards:

- haemodialyser, haemodiafilter and haemofilter blood compartment ports (ISO 8637 and applicable portion of ISO 8638 referencing blood compartment ports);
- haemodialysis, haemodiafiltration and haemofiltration equipment CONNECTORS (ISO 8637);
- infusion system closure piercing connectors (ISO 8536-4).

NOTE 2 Manufacturers are encouraged to incorporate the SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS specified in this part of ISO 80369 into Medical devices or accessories, even if currently not required by the relevant particular Medical device standards. It is expected that when the relevant particular medical device standards are revised, requirements for SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS, as specified in ISO 80369, will be included.

NOTE 3 ISO 80369-1:2010, 5.8, specifies alternative methods of compliance with ISO 80369-1:2010, for SMALL-BORE CONNECTORS intended for use with intravascular APPLICATIONS or hypodermic APPLICATION MEDICAL DEVICES or ACCESSORIES, which do not comply with this part of ISO 80369.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 14971:2007, Medical devices — Application of risk management to medical devices

ISO 80369-1:2010, Small-bore connectors for liquids and gases in healthcare applications — Part 1: General requirements

ISO 80369-6:2016, Small bore connectors for liquids and gases in healthcare applications — Part 6: Connectors for neuraxial applications