



BSI Standards Publication

Intelligent transport systems — Spatio-temporal data dictionary for cooperative ITS and automated driving systems 2.0

National foreword

This Published Document is the UK implementation of ISO/TR 21718:2019. It supersedes PD ISO/TR 21718:2017, which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee EPL/278, Intelligent transport systems.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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© The British Standards Institution 2019
Published by BSI Standards Limited 2019

ISBN 978 0 539 01467 9

ICS 03.220.01; 35.240.60

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This Published Document was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 31 January 2019.

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date	Text affected
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TECHNICAL REPORT

ISO/TR 21718

Second edition
2019-01

Intelligent transport systems — Spatio-temporal data dictionary for cooperative ITS and automated driving systems 2.0

Systèmes de transport intelligents — Dictionnaire de données spatio-temporelles pour les systèmes de conduite automatisée 2.0 et les STI coopératifs



Reference number
ISO/TR 21718:2019(E)

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CP 401 • Ch. de Blandonnet 8
CH-1214 Vernier, Geneva
Phone: +41 22 749 01 11
Fax: +41 22 749 09 47
Email: copyright@iso.org
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Published in Switzerland

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 204, *Intelligent transport systems*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO/TR 21718:2017), which has been technically revised. The main changes since the last edition are the following:

- task force team have collaborated with SAE, and combined the SAE deliverable and the first edition;
- the list of the data concept names described in SAE J 2735: 2016 have been included as Annex B.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Cooperative ITS and automated driving systems as energy-saving technology have attracted much attention. These systems are expected to reduce traffic congestion and achieve smoother transportation.

Recently, car manufacturers, car parts manufacturers and IT companies have started driving tests for automated driving systems on the public road. Several car manufacturers have released the schedule of commercial viability and automated driving systems and are expected to put it into practical use within two or three years.

In the existing ITS applications, geographical information are optimally designed for individual systems. Thus, a large amount of resources are required in order to create, provide and maintain this information.

In the future, spatio-temporal data for ITS which includes static and dynamic temporal-spatial data will be required for Cooperative ITS and automated driving systems. In order to create, provide and maintain these data, much more resources will be required.

Spatio-temporal data can be used for different types of application systems. A common understanding and sharing of spatio-temporal data is formulated by this data dictionary. For instance, spatio-temporal data for ITS includes location information or has relationships with location.

Standardization of spatio-temporal data dictionary is expected to contribute to research and development and dissemination of cooperative ITS and automated systems by stakeholders.

Intelligent transport systems — Spatio-temporal data dictionary for cooperative ITS and automated driving systems

2.0

1 Scope

This document is a compilation of terms to be contained in a spatio-temporal data dictionary for cooperative-ITS and automated driving systems.

This data dictionary includes static data (e.g. map, road signs and buildings) and dynamic data (e.g. traffic condition, accident reports).

This document is an updated and expanded version of ISO/TR 21718:2017.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>
- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>

3.1

aggregate domain

data concept that defines a grouping of data elements and/or data frames

3.2

data concept

item that may be stored in a data dictionary that refers to an abstraction or thing in the natural world that can be identified with explicit boundaries and meaning and whose properties and behaviour all follow the same rules

Note 1 to entry: Data concepts can be classified into the following types: object class, value domain, data element, aggregate domain, data frame, message, interface dialogue, dictionary document, or module.

3.3

data concept type

categorization of the kind of data concept