
**Vitreous and porcelain enamels —
Determination of the resistance to
abrasion —**

**Part 2:
Loss in mass after sub-surface
abrasion**

*Émaux vitrifiés — Détermination de la résistance à l'abrasion —
Partie 2: Perte de masse après abrasion de la couche superficielle*





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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 107, *Metallic and other inorganic coatings*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 6370-2:2011), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared with the previous edition are as follows:

- terms and definitions have been added;
- sanidine (potassium feldspar) has been included as an additional abrasive option for testing;
- the requirements for steel balls have been amended.

A list of all parts in the ISO 6370 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

Extensive tests have shown that, with the comparative method described in this document, the uncertainty of measurement of test results is $\pm 5\%$. Furthermore, absolute quantities for the amount of wear give little information, because abrasives used in practice differ considerably in their effect on enamelled surfaces. Each abrasion test with a standardized method can only be carried out with the aim of providing a general classification of various vitreous and porcelain enamels in relation to each other. Absolute quantities for the amount of wear are therefore not required.

Numerous tests have shown that the three required test periods of 30 min were sufficient to obtain comparable results. If the vitreous and porcelain enamel coat to be tested is thicker than 0,2 mm, it is not necessary to determine the loss in mass after each 30 min test period, because the abrasion under the conditions described in this document is directly proportional to the test duration.

Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of the resistance to abrasion —

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1 Scope

This document specifies a test method for determining the resistance of vitreous and porcelain enamel coatings to abrasion by rubbing, grinding or other mechanical effects.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 648, *Laboratory glassware — Single-volume pipettes*

ISO 3696, *Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods*

ISO 6344-2, *Coated abrasives — Grain size analysis — Part 2: Determination of grain size distribution of macrogrits P12 to P220*

ISO 6370-1:1991, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Determination of the resistance to abrasion — Part 1: Abrasion testing apparatus*

ISO 28764, *Vitreous and porcelain enamels — Production of specimens for testing enamels on sheet steel, sheet aluminium and cast iron*

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

4 Principle

Mounting of three similarly enamelled test specimens and three reference glass plates in the testing apparatus. Simultaneous exposure of the separated test specimens and reference glass plates to the abrasion attack of a mixture of fused aluminium oxide grains, steel balls and water for three periods of