## BS EN 61788-21:2015



# **BSI Standards Publication**

# **Superconductivity**

Part 21: Superconducting wires — Test methods for practical superconducting wires — General characteristics and guidance



...making excellence a habit."

### National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 61788-21:2015. It is identical to IEC 61788-21:2015.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee L/-/90, Super Conductivity.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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## EUROPEAN STANDARD

## EN 61788-21

## NORME EUROPÉENNE

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**English Version** 

### Superconductivity - Part 21: Superconducting wires - Test methods for practical superconducting wires - General characteristics and guidance (IEC 61788-21:2015)

Supraconductivité - Partie 21: Fils supraconducteurs -Méthodes d'essai pour fils supraconducteurs à usage pratique - Caractéristiques générales et lignes directrices (IEC 61788-21:2015) Supraleitfähigkeit - Teil 21: Supraleiterdrähte -Prüfverfahren für technische Supraleiterdrähte - Allgemeine Eigenschaften und Anleitung (IEC 61788-21:2015)

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

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### European foreword

The text of document 90/353/FDIS, future edition 1 of IEC 61788-21, prepared by IEC/TC 90 "Superconductivity" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 61788-21:2015.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at (dop) 2016-03-23 national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with (dow) 2018-06-23 the document have to be withdrawn

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### Annex ZA

(normative)

# Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE 1 When an International Publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

NOTE 2 Up-to-date information on the latest versions of the European Standards listed in this annex is available here: <u>www.cenelec.eu</u>.

Publication	Year	Title	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60050	series	International electrotechnical vocabulary	-	-
IEC 61788-1	-	Superconductivity - Part 1: Critical current measurement - DC critical current of Nb-Ti composite superconductors	EN 61788-1	-
IEC 61788-2	-	Superconductivity - Part 2: Critical current measurement - DC critical current of Nb <sub>3</sub> Sn composite superconductors	EN 61788-2	-
IEC 61788-3	-	Superconductivity - Part 3: Critical current measurement - DC critical current of Ag- and/or Ag alloy- sheathed Bi-2212 and Bi-2223 oxide superconductors	EN 61788-3	-
IEC 61788-4	-	Superconductivity - Part 4: Residual resistance ratio measurement - Residual resistance ratio of Nb-Ti composite superconductors	EN 61788-4	-
IEC 61788-5	-	Superconductivity - Part 5: Matrix to superconductor volume ratio measurement - Copper to superconductor volume ratio of Cu/Nb-Ti composite superconducting wires	EN 61788-5	-
IEC 61788-6	-	Superconductivity - Part 6: Mechanical properties measurement - Room temperature tensile test of Cu/Nb-Ti composite superconductors	EN 61788-6	-

### BS EN 61788-21:2015 EN 61788-21:2015

Publication	Year	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	Year
IEC 61788-8	-	Superconductivity - Part 8: AC loss measurements - Total AC loss measurement of round superconducting wires exposed to a transverse alternating magnetic field at liquid helium temperature by a pickup coil method	EN 61788-8	-
IEC 61788-10	-	Superconductivity - Part 10: Critical temperature measurement - Critical temperature of composite superconductors by a resistance method	EN 61788-10	-
IEC 61788-11	-	Superconductivity - Part 11: Residual resistance ratio measurement - Residual resistance ratio of Nb <sub>3</sub> Sn composite superconductors	EN 61788-11	-
IEC 61788-12	-	Superconductivity - Part 12: Matrix to superconductor volume ratio measurement - Copper to non-copper volume ratio of Nb <sub>3</sub> Sn composite superconducting wires	EN 61788-12	-
IEC 61788-13	-	Superconductivity - Part 13: AC loss measurements - Magnetometer methods for hysteresis loss in superconducting multifilamentary composites	EN 61788-13	-
IEC 61788-18	-	Superconductivity - Part 18: Mechanical properties measurement - Room temperature tensile test of Ag- and/or Ag alloy-sheathed Bi-2223 and Bi-2212 composite superconductors	EN 61788-18	-
IEC 61788-19	-	Superconductivity - Part 19: Mechanical properties measurement - Room temperature tensile test of reacted Nb <sub>3</sub> Sn composite superconductors	EN 61788-19	-

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### INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

### SUPERCONDUCTIVITY -

### Part 21: Superconducting wires – Test methods for practical superconducting wires – General characteristics and guidance

### FOREWORD

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International Standard IEC 61788-21 has been prepared by IEC technical committee 90: Superconductivity.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

FDIS	Report on voting	
90/353/FDIS	90/354/RVD	

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all the parts in the IEC 61788 series, published under the general title *Superconductivity,* can be found on the IEC website.

The committee has decided that the contents of this publication will remain unchanged until the stability date indicated on the IEC web site under "http://webstore.iec.ch" in the data related to the specific publication. At this date, the publication will be

- reconfirmed,
- withdrawn,
- replaced by a revised edition, or
- amended.

### INTRODUCTION

Superconducting (SC) wires are a central and often enabling technology of many important industrial products. Consensus-based standards for SC wires greatly facilitate the creation of procurement specifications, design and engineering of components, certification of quality, description of operating devices, and generalization of use in industrial technologies.

This part of IEC 61788 is ranked as a first priority for both producers and users of superconducting technology: It provides the measurement methods and test procedures for properties critical to use. Adherence to normative information assists the development of commercial markets and the distribution of products. Standardization in this regard is meant to provide common access to, and unarguable reference information about, characteristics that are most important for superconductor-based technologies.

This part of IEC 61788 includes the measurement principles and measurement techniques together with the relevant terminology and definitions. Specifications of SC wire products take into account the function of the different components of SC wires to meet operational needs, maintain operational (superconducting) conditions, and accommodate mechanical forces and strains. The various forms of SC wire products distributed by manufacturers incorporate these aspects to varying degrees, depending on the superconducting materials used and the intended operating conditions/environment. Design and engineering of devices that use SC wire products take into account the unique properties of SC wires during operation. The general features of practical SC wires are described in IEC TR 61788-20 in terms of simple general characteristics to assist in the specification and use of superconducting wire products. Testing, certification, and quality control apply the relevant standard test methods to SC wires, which are specified in this part of IEC 61788.

### SUPERCONDUCTIVITY -

### Part 21: Superconducting wires – Test methods for practical superconducting wires – General characteristics and guidance

#### 1 Scope

This part of IEC 61788 specifies the test methods used for validating the mechanical, electrical, and superconducting properties of practical SC wires. A wire is considered as being practical if it can be procured in sufficiently continuous lengths under ordinary commercial transactions to build devices. Conductors made of multiple wires, such as cables, are not included in the scope of this part of IEC 61788. Extension of the discussions in this part of IEC 61788 beyond practical SC wires is not intended, even though referenced documents include aspects outside of this scope.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60050 (all parts), International Electrotechnical Vocabulary. Available from: http://www.electropedia.org

IEC 61788-1, Superconductivity – Part 1: Critical current measurement – DC critical current of Nb-Ti composite superconductors

IEC 61788-2, Superconductivity – Part 2: Critical current measurement – DC critical current of Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn composite superconductors

IEC 61788-3, Superconductivity – Part 3: Critical current measurement – DC critical current of Ag- and/or Ag alloy-sheathed Bi-2212 and Bi-2223 oxide superconductors

IEC 61788-4, Superconductivity – Part 4: Residual resistance ratio measurement – Residual resistance ratio of Nb-Ti composite superconductors

IEC 61788-5, Superconductivity – Part 5: Matrix to superconductor volume ratio measurement – Copper to superconductor volume ratio of Cu/Nb-Ti composite superconducting wires

IEC 61788-6, Superconductivity – Part 6: Mechanical properties measurement – Room temperature tensile test of Cu/Nb-Ti composite superconductors

IEC 61788-8, Superconductivity – Part 8: AC loss measurements – Total AC loss measurement of round superconducting wires exposed to a transverse alternating magnetic field at liquid helium temperature by a pickup coil method

IEC 61788-10, Superconductivity – Part 10: Critical temperature measurement – Critical temperature of composite superconductors by a resistance method

IEC 61788-11, Superconductivity – Part 11: Residual resistance ratio measurement – Residual resistance ratio of Nb<sub>3</sub>Sn composite superconductors