

BS ISO 2476:2014



BSI Standards Publication

Butadiene rubber (BR) — Solution-polymerized types — Evaluation procedures

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National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of ISO 2476:2014. It supersedes BS ISO 2476:2009 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee PRI/50, Rubber - Raw, natural and synthetic, including latex and carbon black.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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**Butadiene rubber (BR) — Solution-
polymerized types — Evaluation
procedures**

*Caoutchouc butadiène (BR) — Types polymérisés en solution —
Méthodes d'évaluation*



Reference number
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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: [Foreword - Supplementary information](#)

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 45, *Rubber and rubber products*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Raw materials (including latex) for use in the rubber industry*.

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition (ISO 2476:2009), which has been technically revised with the following changes:

- ISO 2476 has been aligned with ISO 2393:2014;
- [5.2.2.1](#) states that the laboratory internal mixer procedure is the preferred method.

Butadiene rubber (BR) — Solution-polymerized types — Evaluation procedures

WARNING — Persons using this International Standard should be familiar with normal laboratory practice. This International Standard does not purport to address all of the safety problems, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user to establish appropriate safety and health practices and to ensure compliance with any national regulatory conditions.

1 Scope

This International Standard specifies:

- physical and chemical tests on raw rubbers;
- standard materials, standard test formulations, equipment, and processing methods for evaluating the vulcanization characteristics of solution-polymerized butadiene rubbers (BR), including oil-extended types (OEBR), and the tensile stress-strain properties of vulcanized mixes.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 37, *Rubber, vulcanized or thermoplastic — Determination of tensile stress-strain properties*

ISO 247:2006, *Rubber — Determination of ash*

ISO 248-1, *Rubber, raw — Determination of volatile-matter content — Part 1: Hot-mill method and oven method*

ISO 248-2, *Rubber, raw — Determination of volatile-matter content — Part 2: Thermogravimetric methods using an automatic analyser with an infrared drying unit*

ISO 289-1, *Rubber, unvulcanized — Determinations using a shearing-disc viscometer — Part 1: Determination of Mooney viscosity*

ISO 1795, *Rubber, raw natural and raw synthetic — Sampling and further preparative procedures*

ISO 2393, *Rubber test mixes — Preparation, mixing and vulcanization — Equipment and procedures*

ISO 3417, *Rubber — Measurement of vulcanization characteristics with the oscillating disc curemeter*

ISO 6502, *Rubber — Guide to the use of curemeters*

ISO 23529, *Rubber — General procedures for preparing and conditioning test pieces for physical test methods*

3 Sampling and further preparative procedures

3.1 Take a laboratory sample of approximately 1,5 kg by the method described in ISO 1795.

3.2 Prepare test samples in accordance with ISO 1795.