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**Plastics/rubber — Polymer
dispersions and rubber latices
(natural and synthetic) —
Determination of surface tension**

*Plastiques/caoutchouc — Dispersions de polymères et latex de
caoutchouc (naturel et synthétique) — Détermination de la tension
superficielle*



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 45, *Rubber and rubber products*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Raw materials (including latex) for use in the rubber industry*.

This sixth edition cancels and replaces the fifth edition (ISO 1409:2006), which has been technically revised.

The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- extension of [Clause 1](#) and [Clause 4](#);
- inclusion in [Clause 1](#) that method A is the preferred method in case of dispute;
- inclusion of the tensiometer (Wilhelmy type) and glass dish or vessel in [6.2](#) and [6.3](#);
- inclusion of the procedure of the new method B in [8.2](#);
- expression of the test results according to the new method B in [9.2](#);
- inclusion of the precision data for method B in [Annex A](#).

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Plastics/rubber — Polymer dispersions and rubber latices (natural and synthetic) — Determination of surface tension

1 Scope

This document specifies two methods for the determination of the surface tension of polymer dispersions and rubber latices (natural and synthetic).

- Method A is the ring method (Du Noüy ring method).
- Method B is the plate method (Wilhelmy plate method).

Method A is suitable valid for polymer dispersions and rubber latices with a viscosity less than 200 mPa·s.

Method B is not suitable for polymer dispersions and rubber latices containing cationic surfactants.

Methods A and B are also suitable for prevulcanized latices and compounded material.

In case of dispute, the preferred method is method A (the ring method).

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 123, *Rubber latex — Sampling*

ISO 124, *Latex, rubber — Determination of total solids content*

ISO 705, *Rubber latex — Determination of density between 5 degrees C and 40 degrees C*

ISO 1652, *Rubber latex — Determination of apparent viscosity by the Brookfield test method*

ISO 2555, *Plastics — Resins in the liquid state or as emulsions or dispersions — Determination of apparent viscosity using a single cylinder type rotational viscometer method*

ISO 3219, *Plastics — Polymers/resins in the liquid state or as emulsions or dispersions — Determination of viscosity using a rotational viscometer with defined shear rate*

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>