BS EN ISO 1680:2013



**BSI Standards Publication** 

Acoustics — Test code for the measurement of airborne noise emitted by rotating electrical machines



...making excellence a habit."

#### National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 1680:2013. It supersedes BS EN ISO 1680:2000 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee EH/1/4, Machinery noise.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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Supersedes EN ISO 1680:1999

**English Version** 

## Acoustics - Test code for the measurement of airborne noise emitted by rotating electrical machines (ISO 1680:2013)

Acoustique - Code d'essai pour le mesurage du bruit aérien émis par les machines électriques tournantes (ISO 1680:2013) Akustik - Verfahren zur Messung der Luftschallemission von drehenden elektrischen Maschinen (ISO 1680:2013)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 12 August 2013.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

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## Foreword

This document (EN ISO 1680:2013) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43 "Acoustics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 211 "Acoustics" the secretariat of which is held by DS.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by June 2014, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by June 2014.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 1680:1999.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

#### Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 1680:2013 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 1680:2013 without any modification.

## BS EN ISO 1680:2013 ISO 1680:2013(E)

# Contents

Forew	ord	iv
1	Scope	1
2	Normative references	1
3	Terms and definitions	2
4	Description of machinery family	4
5	Sound power determination	5
	5.1 General	5
	<ul> <li>5.2 Guidelines for the selection of the most appropriate basic standard.</li> <li>5.3 Additional requirements</li> </ul>	5 5
6	Installation and mounting conditions	8
	6.1 Mounting of the machine	8
	6.2 Auxiliary equipment and loaded machines	9
7	Operating conditions	9
	7.1 General	9
	7.2 LOad 7.3 Variable speed devices	10
8	Measurement uncertainty	
9	Determination of the emission sound pressure level	12
,	9.1 General	
	9.2 Selection of the relevant work station	12
	9.3 Selection of basic standard to be used	12
	9.4 Measurement uncertainty	12
10	Indication of noise emission quantities determined according to this International Standard	12
11	Information to be recorded	13
12	Information to be reported	13
13	Declaration and verification of noise emission values (if required)	13
Annex	A (informative) Overview of standards for the determination of sound power levels of	
	machines and equipment	15
Annex	B (informative) Example of a dual-number declaration for rotating electrical machines	
Biblio	graphy	

## Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, www.iso.org/directives.

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 43, Acoustics, Subcommittee SC 1, Noise.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 1680:1999), which has been technically revised.

# Acoustics — Test code for the measurement of airborne noise emitted by rotating electrical machines

## 1 Scope

This International Standard specifies all the information necessary to carry out efficiently and under standardized conditions the determination, declaration, and verification of the noise emission characteristics of rotating electrical machines. It specifies noise measurement methods that can be used, and specifies the operating and mounting conditions required for the test.

Noise emission characteristics include the sound power level and emission sound pressure level. The determination of these quantities is necessary:

- for comparing the noise emitted by machines;
- to enable manufacturers to declare the noise emitted; and
- for the purposes of noise control.

The use of this International Standard as a noise test code ensures the reproducibility of the determination of the noise emission characteristics within specified limits determined by the grade of accuracy of the basic noise measurement method used. Noise measurement methods allowed by this International Standard are precision methods (grade 1), engineering methods (grade 2) and survey methods (grade 3). Methods of engineering grade (grade 2) are to be preferred.

This International Standard is applicable to rotating electrical machines of any length, width or height.

### 2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 3741, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Precision methods for reverberation test rooms

ISO 3743-1, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Engineering methods for small movable sources in reverberant fields — Part 1: Comparison method for a hard-walled test room

ISO 3743-2, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Engineering methods for small, movable sources in reverberant fields — Part 2: Methods for special reverberation test rooms

ISO 3744:2010, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Engineering methods for an essentially free field over a reflecting plane

ISO 3745:2012, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Precision methods for anechoic rooms and hemi-anechoic rooms

ISO 3746, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Survey method using an enveloping measurement surface over a reflecting plane

ISO 3747, Acoustics — Determination of sound power levels and sound energy levels of noise sources using sound pressure — Engineering/survey methods for use in situ in a reverberant environment