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European Standard (Telecommunications series)

**Electromagnetic compatibility
and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM);
Short range devices;
Radio equipment to be used
in the 1 GHz to 40 GHz frequency range;
Part 1: Technical characteristics and
test methods**



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Contents

Intellectual Property Rights	7
Foreword.....	7
1 Scope	8
2 References	9
2.1 Normative references	9
2.2 Informative references.....	9
3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations	10
3.1 Definitions.....	10
3.2 Symbols.....	12
3.3 Abbreviations	12
4 Technical requirements specifications	12
4.1 General requirements	12
4.1.1 Receiver category	12
4.1.2 General performance criteria	13
4.2 Presentation of equipment for testing purposes.....	13
4.2.1 Choice of model for testing	14
4.2.2 Testing of equipment with alternative power levels	14
4.2.3 Testing of equipment that does not have an external 50 Ω RF connector (integral antenna equipment)	14
4.2.3.1 Equipment with an internal permanent or temporary antenna connector or using a dedicated test fixture	14
4.2.3.2 Equipment with a temporary antenna connector	14
4.3 Mechanical and electrical design.....	14
4.3.1 General.....	14
4.3.2 Controls	15
4.3.3 Transmitter shut-off facility.....	15
4.3.4 Receiver mute or squelch.....	15
4.3.5 Marking (equipment identification).....	15
4.3.5.1 Equipment identification	15
4.3.5.2 Marking.....	15
4.4 Auxiliary test equipment	15
5 Test conditions, power sources and ambient temperatures	15
5.1 Normal and extreme test conditions	15
5.2 Test power source.....	15
5.2.1 External test power source	16
5.2.2 Internal test power source	16
5.3 Normal test conditions.....	16
5.3.1 Normal temperature and humidity	16
5.3.2 Normal test power source	16
5.3.2.1 Mains voltage	16
5.3.2.2 Regulated lead-acid battery power sources	16
5.3.2.3 Other power sources.....	16
5.4 Extreme test conditions	17
5.4.1 Extreme temperatures	17
5.4.1.1 Procedure for tests at extreme temperatures.....	17
5.4.1.1.1 Procedure for equipment designed for continuous operation	17
5.4.1.1.2 Procedure for equipment designed for intermittent operation	17
5.4.1.2 Extreme temperature ranges.....	17
5.4.2 Extreme test source voltages.....	18
5.4.2.1 Mains voltage	18
5.4.2.2 Regulated lead-acid battery power sources	18
5.4.2.3 Power sources using other types of batteries.....	18
5.4.2.4 Other power sources.....	18

6	General conditions.....	18
6.1	Normal test signals and test modulation.....	18
6.1.1	Normal test signals for data.....	19
6.2	Artificial antenna.....	19
6.3	Test fixture.....	19
6.3.1	Validation of the test-fixtue in the temperature chamber.....	21
6.3.2	Mode of use.....	22
6.4	Test sites and general arrangements for radiated measurements.....	23
6.5	Measuring receiver.....	23
7	Methods of measurement and limits for transmitter parameters.....	23
7.1	Equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.).....	24
7.1.1	Definition.....	24
7.1.2	Method of measurement.....	24
7.1.2.1	Non spread spectrum transmitters with a -6 dB bandwidth of up to 20 MHz and spread spectrum transmitters with channel bandwidth of up to 1 MHz.....	24
7.1.2.1.1	Equipment measured as constant envelope modulation equipment.....	24
7.1.2.1.2	Equipment measured as non-constant envelope modulation equipment.....	25
7.1.2.2	Other transmitters than defined in clause 7.1.2.1.....	25
7.1.3	Limits.....	26
7.2	Permitted range of operating frequencies.....	27
7.2.1	Definition.....	27
7.2.2	Method of measurement.....	27
7.2.3	Method of measurement for equipment using FHSS modulation.....	28
7.2.4	Limit.....	28
7.3	Unwanted emissions in the spurious domain.....	28
7.3.1	Definition.....	28
7.3.2	Method of measurement - conducted spurious emission.....	29
7.3.3	Method of measurement - cabinet spurious radiation.....	29
7.3.4	Method of measurement - radiated spurious emission.....	30
7.3.5	Additional requirements for equipment employing FHSS modulation.....	31
7.3.6	Limits.....	31
7.4	Duty cycle.....	31
7.4.1	Definitions.....	31
7.4.2	Declaration.....	31
7.4.3	Duty cycle limits.....	32
7.5	Additional requirements for FHSS equipment.....	32
7.5.1	FHSS modulation.....	32
8	Receiver.....	32
8.1	Adjacent channel selectivity.....	32
8.1.1	Definition.....	32
8.1.2	Method of measurement.....	33
8.1.3	Limits.....	33
8.2	Blocking or desensitization.....	34
8.2.1	Definition.....	34
8.2.2	Methods of measurement.....	34
8.2.3	Limits.....	34
8.3	Spurious emissions.....	35
8.3.1	Definition.....	35
8.3.2	Method of measurement conducted spurious components.....	35
8.3.3	Method of measurement cabinet radiation.....	36
8.3.4	Method of measurement radiated spurious components.....	37
8.3.5	Limits.....	37
9	Spectrum access techniques.....	37
9.1	Principle for Listen Before Talk (LBT).....	37
9.1.1	LBT timing parameters.....	38
9.1.1.1	Minimum transmitter off-time.....	38
9.1.1.1.1	Definition.....	38
9.1.1.1.2	Limit.....	38
9.1.1.2	LBT minimum listening time.....	38
9.1.1.2.1	Definition.....	38

9.1.1.2.2	Limit for minimum listening time	38
9.1.1.3	Acknowledge transmissions	39
9.1.1.4	Maximum transmitter on-time	39
9.1.1.4.1	Definition.....	39
9.1.1.4.2	Limit	39
9.1.1.5	Declaration of LBT parameters.....	39
9.1.1.6	Equipment with or without LBT using transmitter time-out-timer	39
9.2	Receiver LBT threshold and transmitter max on-time	39
9.2.1	Definitions	40
9.2.2	Method of measurements.....	40
9.2.3	Limits.....	40
9.3	Detect And Avoid techniques (DAA)	41
9.4	Adaptive Frequency Agility (AFA).....	41
9.4.1	Introduction.....	41
10	Measurement uncertainty	41
10.1	Measurement uncertainty is greater than maximum acceptable uncertainty	42
Annex A (normative): Radiated measurements		43
A.1	General requirements for measurements involving the use of radiated fields.....	43
A.2	Test Sites	44
A.2.1	Outdoor test site	44
A.2.2	Indoor test site	45
A.2.3	Shielded anechoic test site.....	46
A.2.3.1	Influence of parasitic reflections in anechoic chambers	46
A.2.3.2	Calibration of the shielded RF anechoic chamber	46
A.3	Antennas.....	48
A.3.1	Test antenna.....	48
A.3.2	Substitution antenna	48
A.3.3	Artificial antenna.....	48
A.4	Test Practice and Auxiliary Test Equipment.....	49
A.5	Measuring distance.....	49
A.5.1	Standard position.....	49
A.5.2	Auxiliary cables.....	49
Annex B (normative): General description of measurement methods.....		50
B.1	Conducted measurements.....	50
B.2	Radiated measurements.....	50
Annex C (normative): Power limits for RFID systems operating in the 2,45 GHz ISM band		52
C.1	Power limits and frequency band	52
C.1.1	Additional requirements for 2,45 GHz 4 W e.i.r.p. indoor RFID equipment	52
C.1.2	Spectrum mask	53
Annex D (informative): Example of implementation for restriction of 4 W RFID to in-building use only.....		54
Annex E (normative): Limits for GBSAR operating in the frequency range 17,1 GHz to 17,3 GHz		56
E.1	Introduction	56
E.2	Effective radiated power (e.i.r.p.).....	56
E.2.1	Definition	56
E.2.2	Method of measurement	56
E.2.3	Limits	56
E.3	Permitted range of operating frequencies.....	56
E.3.1	Definition	56

E.3.2	Method of measurement	56
E.3.3	Limits	57
E.4	Principles of Detection And Avoid (DAA)	57
E.4.1	General DAA test set-up	57
E.4.2	Test signals	58
E.4.3	DAA threshold	58
E.4.3.1	Definition	58
E.4.3.2	Method of measurement	58
E.4.3.3	Limit	59
E.4.4	DAA timing parameters	59
E.4.4.1	Minimum listen Time	59
E.4.4.1.1	Definition	59
E.4.4.1.2	Method of measurement	59
E.4.4.1.3	Limit for minimum listen time	60
E.4.4.2	Minimum listen time after detection	60
E.4.4.2.1	Definition	60
E.4.4.2.2	Method of measurement	60
E.4.4.2.3	Limit	61
E.4.4.3	Maximum transmitter on-time	61
E.4.4.3.1	Definition	61
E.4.4.3.2	Method of measurement	61
E.4.4.3.3	Limit	62
E.4.4.4	Minimum transmitter off-time	62
E.4.4.4.1	Definition	62
E.4.4.4.2	Method of measurement	62
E.4.4.4.3	Limit	63
E.5	Antenna pattern	63
E.5.1	Definition	63
E.5.2	Method of measurements	63
E.5.3	Limits	65
Annex F (informative): Bibliography		66
History		67

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Foreword

This European Standard (Telecommunications series) has been produced by ETSI Technical Committee Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM).

For non EU countries the present document may be used for regulatory (Type Approval) purposes.

The present document includes improvements to the previous version of the standard that take advantage of technical developments within the SRD industry. In particular this includes optional features such as Listen Before Talk (LBT) and Detect And Avoid (DAA).

The present document is part 1 of a multi-part deliverable covering Electromagnetic compatibility and Radio spectrum Matters (ERM); Short range devices; Radio equipment to be used in the 1 GHz to 40 GHz frequency range, as identified below:

Part 1: "Technical characteristics and test methods";

Part 2: "Harmonized EN covering the essential requirements of article 3.2 of the R&TTE Directive".

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Date of adoption of this EN:	17 August 2010
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1 Scope

The present document applies to the following Short Range Device major equipment types:

- Generic Short Range Devices, including alarms, telecommand, telemetry, data transmission in general, etc.
- Radio Frequency IDentification (RFID).
- Radiodetermination, including detection, movement and alert applications.

These radio equipment types are capable of operating in the permitted frequency bands within the 1 GHz to 40 GHz range as specified in table 1:

- either with a Radio Frequency (RF) output connection and dedicated antenna or with an integral antenna;
- for all types of modulation;
- with or without speech.

Table 1 shows a list of the frequency bands as designated by the European Commission Decisions on Short Range Devices [i.6], [i.7] and the CEPT/ERC Recommendation 70-03 [i.1] as known at the date of publication of the present document.

Table 1: Short Range Devices within the 1 GHz to 40 GHz permitted frequency bands

	Frequency Bands	Applications	Notes
Transmit and Receive	2 400 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz	Generic use	
Transmit and Receive	2 400 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz	Detection, movement and alert applications	
Transmit and Receive	(a) 2 446 MHz to 2 454 MHz	RFID	See annex C
Transmit and Receive	(b) 2 446 MHz to 2 454 MHz	RFID	See annex C
Transmit and Receive	5 725 MHz to 5 875 MHz	Generic use	
Transmit and Receive	9 200 MHz to 9 500 MHz	Radiodetermination: radar, detection, movement and alert applications	
Transmit and Receive	9 500 MHz to 9 975 MHz	Radiodetermination: radar, detection, movement and alert applications	
Transmit and Receive	10,5 GHz to 10,6 GHz	Radiodetermination: radar, detection, movement and alert applications	
Transmit and Receive	13,4 GHz to 14,0 GHz	Radiodetermination: Radar, detection, movement and alert applications	
Transmit and Receive	17,1 GHz to 17,3 GHz	Radiodetermination: GBSAR detecting, movement and alert applications	See annex E
Transmit and Receive	24,00 GHz to 24,25 GHz	Generic use and for Radiodetermination: detection, movement and alert applications	
NOTE: (a) and (b) refer to two different operational restrictions for different power levels in the same frequency band.			

NOTE 1: Table 1 represents the most widely implemented position within the European Union [i.6], [i.7] and the CEPT countries [i.1], but it should not be assumed that all designated bands are available in all countries.

NOTE 2: In addition, it should be noted that other frequency bands may be available in a country within the frequency range 1 GHz to 40 GHz covered by the present document. See the European Commission Decisions on Short Range Devices [i.6], [i.7] and the CEPT ERC Recommendation 70-03 [i.1] as implemented through National Radio Interfaces (NRI) and additional NRI as relevant.