



BSI Standards Publication

Aluminium alloy castings — Visual method for assessing porosity

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of ISO 10049:2019.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee NFE/35, Light metals and their alloys.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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© The British Standards Institution 2019
Published by BSI Standards Limited 2019

ISBN 978 0 539 01613 0

ICS 77.040.20

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This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 30 June 2019.

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

| Date | Text affected |
|------|---------------|
|------|---------------|

INTERNATIONAL
STANDARD

ISO
10049

Second edition
2019-06-28

**Aluminium alloy castings — Visual
method for assessing porosity**

*Pièces moulées en alliages d'aluminium — Méthode visuelle
d'évaluation de la porosité*



Reference number
ISO 10049:2019(E)



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Foreword

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The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 79, *Light metals and their alloys*, Subcommittee SC 7, *Aluminium and cast aluminium alloys*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 10049:1992), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared with the previous edition are as follows:

- the NOTE in the Scope has been modified;
- [Clause 3](#) for terms and definitions has been added;
- Table 1 has been converted into [Figures 1](#) to [6](#) and the figures have been redrawn;
- the subclauses in [Clause 5](#) have been reordered.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Aluminium alloy castings — Visual method for assessing porosity

1 Scope

This document specifies a visual method for assessing the porosity of the machined surface of aluminium alloy castings.

The method does not apply to assessing porosity shown on radiograms.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>

4 Inspection requirements

The inspection requirements and acceptance criteria shall be clearly stated at the time of tendering and price enquiry, and specifically in the order sent to the founder and accepted by him or her.

Porosity is assessed on the machined surface of the casting, or one part of it, after total or partial machining as agreed between the parties concerned. The machined surface for inspection is thus a selected operating surface or a surface that has been machined only for reasons of inspection at a specific point on the casting, contiguous sample or hot top (see 5.1).

For each part of the casting to be inspected, the degree of severity shall be stated (see Figures 1 to 6).

The test is regarded as satisfactory if the indications of discontinuities obtained are of levels that are equal to or lower than those shown in Figures 1 to 6 and given in Clause 7.

If this is not the case, the casting is either rejected, or it is brought into conformity with the contractually agreed specification, by a method approved by the customer.



Number and size of pores over 100 mm² (see 5.2): No pores visible on the surface inspected.

Figure 1 — Severity level 0