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Micrographics — Duplicating film, silver, diazo and vesicular — Specifications and measurement for visual density

Micrographie — Films de duplication argentiques, diazoïques et vésiculaires — Spécifications et mesurage pour la densité visuelle



Reference number ISO 8126:2019(E)



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <u>www.iso</u> .org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 171, Document management applications.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 8126:2000), of which it constitutes a minor revision. In <u>5.2</u>, "and for low contrast tonal diazo film, not greater than 0,90" has been removed and the normative references have been updated.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <u>www.iso.org/members.html</u>.

Introduction

Microforms should be of such quality that the information contained is clearly legible, and suitable for its intended end use. It is therefore important that documents for microfilming conform to microfilming criteria.

Controlling microimage density helps to ensure that good results are obtained. The overall quality of the master directly affects duplicate quality.

Since first generation silver film densities can be measured using regular densitometers, a method had to be found for measuring diazo and vesicular film duplicating films in addition to silver-gelatin films. In the current state of the art, only a method for visual density has been developed.

Visual density should not be confused with printing density. The former is a measurement taking account of the eye's spectral sensitivity whereas the latter is a measurement limited to the spectral sensitivity of the receiving material and the spectral energy distribution of the printing illumination.

Micrographics — Duplicating film, silver, diazo and vesicular — Specifications and measurement for visual density

1 Scope

This document specifies visual diffuse transmission densities for second generation silver-gelatin and diazo microforms and projection densities for second generation vesicular microforms. It also specifies methods of measurement.

It does not apply to duplicates of microforms of technical drawings and other drawing office documents.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5-1, Photography and graphic technology — Density measurements — Part 1: Geometry and functional notation

ISO 5-2, Photography and graphic technology — Density measurements — Part 2: Geometric conditions for transmittance density

ISO 5-3, Photography and graphic technology — Density measurements — Part 3: Spectral conditions

ISO 6196-1, Micrographics — Vocabulary — Part 1: General terms

ISO 6196-3, Micrographics — Vocabulary — Part 3: Film processing

ISO 6196-4, Micrographics — Vocabulary — Part 4: Materials and packaging

ISO 6196-5, Micrographics — Vocabulary — Part 5: Quality of images, legibility, inspection

ISO 6200, *Micrographics* — *First generation silver-gelatin microforms of source documents* — *Density specifications and method of measurement*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 5-1 and ISO 6196-1, ISO 6196-3, ISO 6196-4 and ISO 6196-5 apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <u>https://www.iso.org/obp</u>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <u>http://www.electropedia.org/</u>

4 Measurement of density

4.1 Method of measurement of silver-gelatin and diazo duplicates

Density shall be measured with a densitometer in conformity with the requirements of ISO 5-2 and ISO 5-3 for measurement of ISO standard diffuse visual density and having a sampling aperture of diameter 0,5 mm to 3,0 mm.