

BS EN 60243-2:2014



BSI Standards Publication

# Electric strength of insulating materials — Test methods

Part 2: Additional requirements for tests using direct voltage

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### **National foreword**

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN 60243-2:2014. It is identical to IEC 60243-2:2013. It supersedes BS EN 60243-2:2001 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee GEL/112, Evaluation and qualification of electrical insulating materials and systems.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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**Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.**

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### **Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication**

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English version

**Electric strength of insulating materials -  
Test methods -  
Part 2: Additional requirements for tests using direct voltage  
(IEC 60243-2:2013)**

Rigidité diélectrique des matériaux  
isolants - Méthodes d'essai -  
Partie 2: Exigences complémentaires pour  
les essais à tension continue  
(CEI 60243-2:2013)

Elektrische Durchschlagfestigkeit  
von isolierenden Werkstoffen -  
Prüfverfahren -  
Teil 2: Zusätzliche Anforderungen für  
Prüfungen mit Gleichspannung  
(IEC 60243-2:2013)

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European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization  
Comité Européen de Normalisation Electrotechnique  
Europäisches Komitee für Elektrotechnische Normung

**CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B - 1000 Brussels**

## Foreword

The text of document 112/245/CDV, future edition 3 of IEC 60243-2, prepared by IEC/TC 112 "Evaluation and qualification of electrical insulation materials and systems" was submitted to the IEC-CENELEC parallel vote and approved by CENELEC as EN 60243-2:2014.

The following dates are fixed:

- latest date by which the document has to be implemented at national level by publication of an identical national standard or by endorsement (dop) 2014-09-30
- latest date by which the national standards conflicting with the document have to be withdrawn (dow) 2016-12-31

This document supersedes EN 60243-2:2001.

This standard shall be read in conjunction with EN 60243-1.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CENELEC [and/or CEN] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

## Endorsement notice

The text of the International Standard IEC 60243-2:2013 was approved by CENELEC as a European Standard without any modification.

In the official version, for Bibliography, the following note has to be added for the standard indicated :

IEC 60674-2      NOTE      Harmonized as EN 60674-2.

## **Annex ZA** (normative)

### **Normative references to international publications with their corresponding European publications**

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

NOTE When an international publication has been modified by common modifications, indicated by (mod), the relevant EN/HD applies.

<u>Publication</u>	<u>Year</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>EN/HD</u>	<u>Year</u>
IEC 60243-1	2013	Electric strength of insulating materials - Test methods - Part 1: Tests at power frequencies	EN 60243-1	2013

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## **ELECTRIC STRENGTH OF INSULATING MATERIALS – TEST METHODS –**

### **Part 2: Additional requirements for tests using direct voltage**

#### **1 Scope**

This part of IEC 60243 gives requirements additional to those in IEC 60243-1 for the determination of the electric strength of solid insulating materials under direct voltage stress.

#### **2 Normative references**

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

IEC 60243-1:2013, *Electric strength of insulating materials – Test methods – Part 1: Tests at power frequencies*

#### **3 Terms and definitions**

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions in IEC 60243-1:2013 apply.

#### **4 Significance of the test**

In addition to the requirements of Clause 4 of IEC 60243-1:2013, the following points shall be considered when using direct-voltage tests.

For a non-homogeneous test specimen, with alternating voltage, the distribution of voltage stress within the test specimen is determined by impedance (largely capacitive). With an increasing direct voltage, the voltage distribution may still be largely capacitive but depends partly on the rate of voltage increase. The resistive voltage distribution, after constant voltage application, represents the steady-state condition. The choice between direct or alternating voltage depends upon the purpose for which the breakdown test is to be used and, to some extent, on the intended application of the material.

Upon direct voltage application, the following currents result: the capacitive current, the electric absorption current, the leakage current and, in some cases, partial discharge currents.

In addition, for materials with dissimilar layers or discontinuities, the voltage distribution across the test specimen is also influenced, as a result of interfacial polarization, by charges of opposite polarity, which may accumulate on the two sides of the interface and create local fields sufficiently strong to produce partial discharges and/or breakdown of the test specimens.

For most materials, the d.c. breakdown voltage is higher than the peak value of the power-frequency breakdown voltage; for many materials, particularly those which are non-homogeneous, the d.c. breakdown voltage will be three times higher than the a.c. breakdown voltage or even more.