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Ships and marine technology — Manoeuvring of ships —

Part 3: Yaw stability and steering

Navires et technologie maritime — Manoeuvres des navires —

Partie 3: Stabilité en lacet et pilotage

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

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For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

The committee responsible for this document is ISO/TC 8, *Ships and marine technology*, Subcommittee SC 6, *Navigation and ship operations*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 13643-3:2013), of which it constitutes a minor revision with the following changes:

— the numbering has changed;

— in Clause 4, Table 1, the SI-Unit in first line was changed from "rad s^{-1}" to "rad s^{-1}";

— in the second line of 9.4, "δ_{Ri} = 10° (10)" was changed to "δ_{Ri} = −10° (10)".

A list of all parts in the ISO 13643- series can be found on the ISO website.

Ships and marine technology — Manoeuvring of ships —

Part 3:
Yaw stability and steering

1 Scope

This document defines symbols and terms and provides guidelines for the conduct of tests to give evidence about the yaw stability and steering of surface ships, submarines, and models. It is meant to be read in conjunction with ISO 13643-1.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 13643-1:2017, *Ships and marine technology — Manoeuvring of ships — Part 1: General concepts, quantities and test conditions*

ISO 13643-5:2017, *Ships and marine technology — Manoeuvring of ships — Part 5: Submarine specials*

ISO 80000-1, *Quantities and units — Part 1: General*

ISO 80000-3, *Quantities and units — Part 3: Space and time*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

— IEC Electropedia: available at http://www.electropedia.org/

— ISO Online browsing platform: available at https://www.iso.org/obp/

3.1
astern test
manoeuvring test to determine the ship's ability to maintain course while making way astern

3.2
astern zig-zag test
manoeuvring test to determine the ship's ability to maintain course while making way astern by assessing manoeuvring devices efficiency from a zig-zag test

3.3
direct astern test
manoeuvring test to determine the ship's ability to maintain course when making way astern using its manoeuvring devices and tunnel thrusters as available

3.4
direct spiral test (according to Dieudonné)
manoeuvring test to determine the yaw stability and turning ability when using constant manoeuvring device settings