

BS EN ISO 24801-3:2014



BSI Standards Publication

Recreational diving services — Requirements for the training of recreational scuba divers

Part 3: Level 3 — Dive leader

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National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 24801-3:2014. It supersedes BS EN 14153-3:2003 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee SVS/2/4, Recreational diving services.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 24801-3

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English Version

**Recreational diving services - Requirements for the training of
recreational scuba divers - Part 3: Level 3 - Dive leader (ISO
24801-3:2014)**

Services relatifs à la plongée de loisirs - Exigences
concernant la formation des plongeurs pratiquant la
plongée de loisirs - Partie 3: Niveau 3 - Guide de palanquée
(ISO 24801-3:2014)

Dienstleistungen des Freizeittauchens - Anforderungen an
die Ausbildung von Freizeit-Gerätetauchern - Teil 3:
Ausbildungsstufe 3 - Tauchgruppenleiter (ISO 24801-
3:2014)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 22 February 2014.

CEN members are bound to comply with the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations which stipulate the conditions for giving this European Standard the status of a national standard without any alteration. Up-to-date lists and bibliographical references concerning such national standards may be obtained on application to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre or to any CEN member.

This European Standard exists in three official versions (English, French, German). A version in any other language made by translation under the responsibility of a CEN member into its own language and notified to the CEN-CENELEC Management Centre has the same status as the official versions.

CEN members are the national standards bodies of Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and United Kingdom.



EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

CEN-CENELEC Management Centre: Avenue Marnix 17, B-1000 Brussels

Foreword

This document (EN ISO 24801-3:2014) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 228 "Tourism and related services" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 329 "Tourism services", the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by October 2014, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by October 2014.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN [and/or CENELEC] shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN 14153-3:2003.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 24801-3:2014 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 24801-3:2014 without any modification.

Annex A (informative)

A-deviations

A-deviation: National deviation due to regulations, the alteration of which is for the time being outside the competence of the CEN/CENELEC member.

This European Standard does not fall under any Directive of the EC.

In the relevant CEN/CENELEC countries these A-deviations are valid instead of the provisions of the European Standard until they have been removed.

Deviation

<p style="text-align: center;">Country</p> <p style="text-align: center;">France</p>	<p>In addition to National Regulation at the end of the document:</p> <p><i>Sport Code, Livre III : Pratique sportive, Titre II: Obligations liées aux activités sportives, Section 3: Etablissements organisant la pratique de la plongée subaquatique</i> defines the safety and technical requirements for the scuba diving service providers. This regulation determines some parameters for the diver himself, the dive leader and the scuba diving instructor, but also for the service supervising.</p> <p>The French Sport Code is strengthened by its recognition at European level for the scuba instructors: a <u>permanent European derogation was granted to France by a Commission Decision [MARKT/D4/8339/200-EN) dated 2000-07-25</u>. The divers' qualifications remain very close to the problematic.</p>
<p>Clause 1. Scope</p> <p>This part of ISO 24801 specifies the competencies required of a scuba diver in order to obtain a scuba diver qualification from a training organization attesting that he/she has met or exceeded scuba diver level 3 (“Dive leader”), and specifies evaluation criteria for these competencies.</p> <p>It also specifies the conditions under which training is provided, in addition to the general requirements for recreational diving service provision in accordance with ISO 24803.</p> <p>This part of ISO 24801 applies to training and evaluation in recreational scuba diving.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Incompatibility in the level of requirements and experience leading to certification do not provide, in our point of view, the necessary and sufficient conditions for safety practise : Sport Code : <i>“All these certificates or licences must prove that the holder has demonstrated a technical level at least equivalent at the same level of the French Underwater Federation(Ffessm), delegate by the French Sport Minister, and they were issued in similar conditions.”</i> <p>Due to the possibility to be remunerate:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — The permanent European derogation was granted to France by a Commission Decision [MARKT/D4/8339/200-EN) dated 2000-07-25 — The whole field of French laws and regulations making it incompatible standards

	<p>on French territory and that led to the recognition of A deviation asked by France, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — the consequences of the recognition of our activities within the Environment Specific concept (training and certification provided by the Ministry of Sports), — the new requirements of the Code of Sport. <p>French legal references</p> <p>...</p> <p>“The activity of the dive leader being under the authority of a Diving Manager (“Directeur de plongée”). At least, he is responsible for assessing the updating of skills for all divers to evolve, while respecting the French legislative framework. He also organizes the conditions to allow, limit or deny the exercise of the prerogatives of all divers.”</p> <p>Moreover, to be noted:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Incompatibility in the level of requirements and experience leading to certification do not provide, in our point of view, the necessary and sufficient conditions for safety practise, — Unable to be remunerate according with the French legislation and regulation. <p>Indeed ISO 24801-3 current formulation is incompatible with the technical and safety rules providing by Article L212-2, art. L212-7 and art. L212-8, Art. A. 322-71 à Art. A. 322-101 and annexes of the French regulation of Sports.</p>
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Article L212-2

<http://www.legifrance.gouv.fr/affichCodeArticle.do?idArticle=LEGIARTI000006547567&cidTexte=LEGITEXT00006071318&dateTexte=20091026&oldAction=rechCodeArticle>

Paragraphe 2: Activités physiques et sportives s'exerçant dans un environnement spécifique

http://www.legifrance.gouv.fr/affichCode.do;jsessionid=C340A0E6D2C6451BF6DCB7951763562B.tpdjo09v_1?idSectionTA=LEGISCTA000006193220&cidTexte=LEGITEXT000006071318&dateTexte=20100322

Article R212-8

<http://www.legifrance.gouv.fr/affichCodeArticle.do?idArticle=LEGIARTI000006547969&cidTexte=LEGITEXT00006071318&dateTexte=20090902&oldAction=rechCodeArticle>

Arrêté du 5 janvier 2012 modifiant les dispositions réglementaires (Arrêtés) du code du sport:

Art. A. 322-71 à Art. A. 322-101 and annexes

<http://www.ffessm.fr/ckfinder/userfiles/files/ctn/mft/34 Code du sport 2012 mep CTN-30-avril-2012.pdf>

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the WTO principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: Foreword - Supplementary information

The committee responsible for this document is Technical Committee ISO/TC 228, *Tourism and related services*.

This second edition of ISO 24801-3 cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 24801-3:2007), which has been technically revised.

ISO 24801 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Recreational diving services — Requirements for the training of recreational scuba divers*:

- *Part 1: Level 1 — Supervised diver*
- *Part 2: Level 2 — Autonomous diver*
- *Part 3: Level 3 — Dive leader*

Introduction

This part of ISO 24801 is one of a series of International Standards relating to recreational diving services, which have been prepared with the aim of establishing a set of specifications for safety practices and the provision of services.

These International Standards specify:

- necessary levels of experience and competency of scuba divers and scuba instructors;
- safety practices and requirements for recreational scuba diving service providers appropriate to the different diving levels.

The requirements specified are minimal; they do not preclude the provision of additional training or the evaluation of additional competencies by a service provider. These International Standards represent a tool for comparison of existing (or future) qualifications of scuba divers. They do not represent a course programme, nor do they imply that course programmes and scuba diver qualifications issued by different nations or training organizations are required to correspond to these levels.

Recreational diving services — Requirements for the training of recreational scuba divers —

Part 3: Level 3 — Dive leader

1 Scope

This part of ISO 24801 specifies the competencies required of a scuba diver in order to obtain a scuba diver qualification from a training organization attesting that he/she has met or exceeded scuba diver level 3 (“Dive leader”), and specifies evaluation criteria for these competencies.

It also specifies the conditions under which training is provided, in addition to the general requirements for recreational diving service provision in accordance with ISO 24803.

This part of ISO 24801 applies to training and evaluation in recreational scuba diving.

2 Normative references

The following documents, in whole or in part, are normatively referenced in this document and are indispensable for its application. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 24801-2, *Recreational diving services — Requirements for the training of recreational scuba divers — Part 2: Level 2 — Autonomous diver*

ISO 24802-1, *Recreational diving services — Requirements for the training of scuba instructors — Part 1: Level 1*

ISO 24802-2, *Recreational diving services — Requirements for the training of scuba instructors — Part 2: Level 2*

ISO 24803, *Recreational diving services — Requirements for recreational scuba diving service providers*

EN 250:2000, *Respiratory equipment — Open-circuit self-contained compressed air diving apparatus — Requirements, testing, marking*

EN 12628:1999, *Diving accessories — Combined buoyancy and rescue devices — Functional and safety requirements, test methods*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in EN 250:2000 and EN 12628:1999 and the following apply.

3.1 training organization

entity providing training systems and issuing qualifications for recreational diving, and which is responsible for the implementation and quality management of training

Note 1 to entry: Entity can include scuba diving federations and scuba diver training agencies.