

# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# NORME INTERNATIONALE



**Electricity metering data exchange – The DLMS/COSEM suite –  
Part 7-5: Local data transmission profiles for Local Networks (LN)**

**Échange des données de comptage de l'électricité – La suite DLMS/COSEM –  
Partie 7-5: Profils de transmission de données locales pour réseaux locaux (LN)**



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## INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION

**ELECTRICITY METERING DATA EXCHANGE –  
THE DLMS/COSEM SUITE –****Part 7-5: Local data transmission profiles for Local Networks (LN)**

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DLMS User Association  
Zug/Switzerland  
[www.dlms.com](http://www.dlms.com)

International Standard IEC 62056-7-5 has been prepared by technical committee 13: Electrical energy measurement and control.

The text of this standard is based on the following documents:

| CDV         | Report on voting |
|-------------|------------------|
| 13/1605/CDV | 13/1650/RVC      |

Full information on the voting for the approval of this standard can be found in the report on voting indicated in the above table.

This publication has been drafted in accordance with the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

A list of all parts in the IEC 62056 series, published under the general title *Electricity metering data exchange – The DLMS/COSEM suite*, can be found on the IEC website.

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## INTRODUCTION

As defined in IEC 62056-1-0, the IEC 62056 DLMS/COSEM suite provides specific communication profile standards for communication media relevant for smart metering.

Such communication profile standards specify how the COSEM data model and the DLMS/COSEM application layer can be used on the lower, communication media-specific protocol layers.

Communication profile standards refer to communication standards that are part of the IEC 62056 DLMS/COSEM suite or to any other open communication standard.

This International Standard specifies DLMS/COSEM communication profiles for transmitting metering data modelled by COSEM interface objects through Local Data Transmission Interfaces (LDTI). The LDTI may be part of a meter or of a Local Network Access Point (LNAP) hosting a DLMS/COSEM server.

The specification of the communication profiles follows the rules defined in IEC 62056-5-3:2016, Annex A.

A major driver for the introduction of smart metering is to provide the consumer with suitable metering information to optimise his/her energy consumption and/or production. For that purpose, smart meters are equipped with local interfaces providing metering data for the consumer on consumer devices.

IEC 62056-21 and IEC 62056-3-1 are communication standards that specify direct local data exchange and data exchange through local networks. They provide protocol modes that support the DLMS/COSEM application layer and thus the COSEM object model. They also specify legacy modes that do not support the DLMS/COSEM application layer.

In order to allow connecting legacy consumer equipment to the LDTI, this International Standard also specifies communication profiles using protocol modes that do not support the DLMS/COSEM application layer.

It is assumed, however, that in all cases the metering application is modelled by COSEM interface objects.

It is also assumed that the meter has interfaces that fully support DLMS/COSEM and allow the configuration of the local data transmission interface by a DLMS/COSEM client.

The requirements on the physical type of the interface, the choice of the data transmitted and the transmitting pattern highly depends on the markets and projects the meter is designed for.

## **ELECTRICITY METERING DATA EXCHANGE – THE DLMS/COSEM SUITE –**

### **Part 7-5: Local data transmission profiles for Local Networks (LN)**

#### **1 Scope**

This part of IEC 62056 specifies DLMS/COSEM communication profiles for transmitting metering data modelled by COSEM interface objects through a Local Data Transmission Interface (LDTI). The LDTI may be part of a meter or of a Local Network Access Point (LNAP) hosting a DLMS/COSEM server.

The main body of this standard specifies the common aspects of the different communication profiles for the LDTI interface.

The Annexes specify the communication protocol specific elements. The Annexes form an integral part of this International Standard.

Annex A (normative) specifies a communication profile using the protocol specified in IEC 62056-21. Clause A.1 specifies the communication profile that supports the DLMS/COSEM application layer and Clause A.2 specifies the communication profile using the legacy Mode D. The physical interface is the optical interface specified in IEC 62056-21:2002, 4.3.

Annex B (normative) specifies a communication profile using the protocol specified in IEC 62056-3-1. Clause B.1 specifies the communication profile that supports the DLMS/COSEM application layer and Clause B.2 specifies the communication profile using the legacy mode. The physical interface is twisted pair using carrier signalling known as the Euridis Bus.

Annex C (normative) specifies a communication profile based on the DLMS/COSEM 3-layer, connection oriented HDLC based profile specified in IEC 62056-7-6. The physical interface is RS 485 or TIA-232-F.

Annex D (normative) specifies a communication profile using the physical layer specified in EN 13757-2 and the HDLC based data link layer specified in IEC 62056-46. The physical interface is twisted pair with baseband signalling.

Annex E (normative) specifies a communication profile using UDP/IP. The physical layer is out of the scope of this International Standard.

The communication profiles in Clauses A.1, B.1, and Annexes C, D and E support the DLMS/COSEM application layer.

Annex F (informative) specifies an LDTI configuration example.

Annex G (informative) provides encoding examples.

Additional communication profiles for other media/communication protocols may be added in the future.

Table 1 shows the features of communication profiles using DLMS/COSEM compatible and legacy protocol modes.