

### BSI Standards Publication

Alloyed steels — Determination of manganese

- Potentiometric or visual titration method



BS ISO 18632:2018 BRITISH STANDARD

### **National foreword**

This British Standard is the UK implementation of ISO 18632:2018. It supersedes BS ISO 18632:2010, which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee ISE/102, Methods of Chemical Analysis for Iron and Steel.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

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## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 18632

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# Alloyed steels — Determination of manganese — Potentiometric or visual titration method

Aciers alliés — Détermination du manganèse — Méthodes par titration visuelle ou potentiométrique



BS ISO 18632:2018 **ISO 18632:2018(E)** 



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### **Foreword**

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

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For an explanation on the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 17, *Steel*, Subcommittee SC 1, *Methods of determination of chemical composition*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 18632:2010), which has been technically revised. The following changes have been made:

- a procedure has been added for the removal of the oxidized layer when the manganese standard solution is prepared;
- superfluous figures have been deleted in <u>Table A.2</u>;
- Annex C has been added to explain the main redox reaction and the correction of vanadium and cerium content in the document.

### Alloyed steels — Determination of manganese — Potentiometric or visual titration method

### 1 Scope

This document specifies a potentiometric or visual titration method for the determination of manganese content in alloyed steels.

The method is applicable to manganese mass fractions between 2% and 25%. Vanadium and cerium interfere with the determination. If the mass fraction of cerium in the sample is less than 0.01%, or the mass fraction of vanadium in the sample is less than 0.005%, the interference is negligible, otherwise theoretical corrections are necessary.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 385, Laboratory glassware — Burettes

ISO 648, Laboratory glassware — Single-volume pipettes

ISO 1042, Laboratory glassware — One-mark volumetric flasks

ISO 3696, Water for analytical laboratory use — Specification and test methods

ISO 14284, Steel and iron — Sampling and preparation of samples for the determination of chemical composition

#### 3 Terms and definitions

No terms and definitions are listed in this document.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <a href="https://www.iso.org/obp">https://www.iso.org/obp</a>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <a href="https://www.electropedia.org/">https://www.electropedia.org/</a>

### 4 Principle

Dissolution of a test portion in appropriate acids. Addition of phosphoric acid. Oxidation of manganese to manganese(III) in phosphoric acid medium by ammonium nitrate. Visual titration of manganese(III) with a ferroammonium sulfate standard solution with N-phenylanthranilic acid as indicator, or potentiometric titration with a ferroammonium disulfate standard solution. If the sample contains vanadium and/or cerium, the manganese content shall be corrected.

### 5 Reagents

During the analysis use only reagents of recognized analytical grade and only grade 2 water in accordance with ISO 3696.