



BSI Standards Publication

Acoustics — Reference zero for the calibration of audiometric equipment

Part 7: Reference threshold of hearing under free-field and diffuse-field listening conditions

National foreword

This British Standard is the UK implementation of EN ISO 389-7:2019. It is identical to ISO 389-7:2019. It supersedes BS EN ISO 389-7:2005+A1:2016, which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee EH/1/1, Hearing.

A list of organizations represented on this committee can be obtained on request to its secretary.

This publication does not purport to include all the necessary provisions of a contract. Users are responsible for its correct application.

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Published by BSI Standards Limited 2019

ISBN 978 0 539 03231 4

ICS 13.140

Compliance with a British Standard cannot confer immunity from legal obligations.

This British Standard was published under the authority of the Standards Policy and Strategy Committee on 31 December 2019.

Amendments/corrigenda issued since publication

Date	Text affected
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EUROPEAN STANDARD

EN ISO 389-7

NORME EUROPÉENNE

EUROPÄISCHE NORM

November 2019

ICS 13.140

Supersedes EN ISO 389-7:2005

English Version

**Acoustics - Reference zero for the calibration of
audiometric equipment - Part 7: Reference threshold of
hearing under free-field and diffuse-field listening
conditions (ISO 389-7:2019)**

Acoustique - Zéro de référence pour l'étalonnage
d'équipements audiométriques - Partie 7: Niveau
liminaire de référence dans des conditions d'écoute en
champ libre et en champ diffus (ISO 389-7:2019)

This European Standard was approved by CEN on 20 October 2019.

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EUROPEAN COMMITTEE FOR STANDARDIZATION
COMITÉ EUROPÉEN DE NORMALISATION
EUROPÄISCHES KOMITEE FÜR NORMUNG

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European foreword

This document (EN ISO 389-7:2019) has been prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43 "Acoustics" in collaboration with Technical Committee CEN/TC 211 "Acoustics" the secretariat of which is held by DIN.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by May 2020, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by May 2020.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. CEN shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

This document supersedes EN ISO 389-7:2005.

According to the CEN-CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Republic of North Macedonia, Romania, Serbia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey and the United Kingdom.

Endorsement notice

The text of ISO 389-7:2019 has been approved by CEN as EN ISO 389-7:2019 without any modification.

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

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Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 43, *Acoustics*.

This third edition cancels and replaces the second edition (ISO 389-7:2005), which has been technically revised to incorporate the Amendment ISO 389-7:2005/Amd.1:2016. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- the reference thresholds of hearing at 20 Hz under the conditions of free-field and diffuse-field listening and the reference threshold of hearing at 18 000 Hz under the condition of free-field listening were recalculated using additional experimental data;
- the Bibliography was updated.

A list of all parts in the ISO 389 series can be found on the ISO website.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at www.iso.org/members.html.

Introduction

In some audiological applications, the test signals are delivered by means of loudspeakers, either in a free sound field or in a diffuse sound field. This document specifies the reference zero for the calibration of audiometric equipment used for sound field audiometry. Corresponding audiometric test methods are specified in ISO 8253-1 and ISO 8253-2.

In common with other subjective phenomena, the threshold of hearing varies in detail from person to person but, for a group of otologically normal persons within a restricted age range, values for the central tendency can be determined to characterize the group. This document and other parts of ISO 389 specify threshold data applicable to otologically normal persons in the age range from 18 years to 25 years.

The data specified in this document relate to

- a) pure tones heard under conditions of binaural listening in free progressive plane waves with the subject directly facing the source of sound (frontal incidence), and with the sound pressure level measured in the free progressive wave at the centre position of the listener's head with the listener absent;
- b) one-third-octave bands of (white or pink) noise heard under conditions of binaural listening in a diffuse sound field with the sound pressure level measured in the sound field at the centre position of the listener's head with the listener absent.

For frequencies up to 8 kHz, each set of data may be equally applied to any other bands of (white or pink) noise for which the bandwidth is less than the critical bandwidth.

The data are based on an assessment of technical information provided by laboratories in different countries representing the most reliable data available at the time. For information, a note on the derivation of the reference values and the origin of the data is given in [Annex A](#).

Acoustics — Reference zero for the calibration of audiometric equipment —

Part 7:

Reference threshold of hearing under free-field and diffuse-field listening conditions

1 Scope

This document specifies a reference threshold of hearing for the calibration of audiometric equipment used under the following conditions.

- a) The sound field in the absence of the listener consists of either a free progressive plane wave (free field) or a diffuse sound field, as specified in ISO 8253-2. In the case of a free field, the source of sound is directly in front of the listener (frontal incidence).
- b) The sound signals are pure (sinusoidal) tones in the case of free-field conditions and one-third-octave bands of (white or pink) noise in the case of diffuse-field conditions.
- c) The sound pressure level is measured in the absence of the listener at the position where the centre of the listener's head would be.
- d) Listening is binaural.

NOTE 1 Correction values for the threshold of hearing under free-field listening conditions and selected angles of sound incidence (45° and 90°) deviating from frontal incidence are given in ISO 8253-2 for information.

NOTE 2 Other conditions are given in Reference [1].

The data are given in numerical form for the preferred frequencies in the one-third-octave series from 20 Hz to 16 000 Hz inclusive in accordance with ISO 266 and, in addition, for some intermediate audiometric frequencies up to 18 000 Hz.

The threshold data differ from the audiometric zero specified in ISO 389-1, ISO 389-2, ISO 389-5 and ISO 389-8, since the latter refer to monaural listening through earphones with sound pressure levels referred to specified couplers and ear simulators. Direct comparison between the data in the parts of ISO 389 mentioned above and in this document is therefore not appropriate.

2 Normative references

There are no normative references in this document.

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at <https://www.iso.org/obp>
- IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/>